

PUBLIC DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

TOURISM AUSTRALIA
DESTINATION AUSTRALIA CONFERENCE
19TH MARCH 2025

PRE-EVENT REPORT

Australian Government

Climate Active Public Disclosure Statement







on Australia 2025
rch 2025
est of my knowledge, the information provided in this public re statement is true and correct and meets the requirements imate Active Carbon Neutral Standard. Farrar I Manager, Industry Events 025



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Version 9.

1.CERTIFICATION SUMMARY

TOTAL EMISSIONS OFFSET	287 tCO ₂ -e
CARBON OFFSETS USED	50% ACCUs, 50% VCUs
RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY	18.48%
CARBON ACCOUNT	Prepared by: Rewild Agency
TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT	N/A

Contents

1.	Certification summary	3
2.	Certification information	4
3.	Emissions boundary	5
4.	Emissions reductions	8
5.	Emissions summary	. 10
6.	Carbon offsets	.11
7.	Renewable Energy Certificate (REC) Summary	.14
Арре	endix A: Additional Information	.15
Арре	endix B: Electricity summary	.16
Арре	endix C: Inside emissions boundary	.20
Арре	endix D: Outside emissions boundary	.21

2. CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

Description of certification

This certification is for the Destination Australia conference being held on 19 March 2025 in Sydney, New South Wales. This event brings together the wider tourism industry with industry leaders and topic experts to network and discuss evolving trends and key areas of focus for the future of Australian tourism. The event is expected to have 750 attendees and is being held at the following location(s).

International Convention Centre Sydney (ICC Sydney)

The Climate Active event calculator was used to prepare this carbon inventory, which is based on the Climate Active Carbon Neutral Standard for Events.

Activity data collected from previous occurrences of this event has informed the preparation of this carbon inventory.

Event description

Destination Australia is an annual event delivered by Tourism Australia (TA). This year, with the theme of 'We are the Australian Tourism Industry', the focus of the day will be the future evolution and growth of the tourism sector. The event will consist of a full-day conference followed by a networking event.

Destination Australia Conference – The full-day conference component of the event will run on 19 March 2025, from 9:30am to 5:30pm. At the event, industry leaders will share insights and updates with attendees and explore how the industry can continue to evolve the depth and breadth of Australia's tourism offerings and how the industry can collaborate to ensure the sustainable growth of the sector. A range of topics will be covered from marketing trends to the future distribution landscape, agritourism, and more.

Destination Australia Networking Event – Following the conference, a networking event will take place from 5:30pm to 8:00pm. This component of the event will allow industry professionals to connect, discuss, collaborate and reflect on the topics of the day.

All of the event components will take place at the ICC Sydney and will be included in this carbon neutral certification. Carbon neutral certification for Destination Australia was achieved for the first time in 2024. Tourism Australia is expecting to see similar emission sources and attendance this year. Further information about the event is available online.

3.EMISSIONS BOUNDARY

Inside the emissions boundary

All emission sources listed in the emissions boundary are part of the carbon neutral claim.

Quantified emissions have been assessed as relevant and are quantified in the carbon inventory. This may include emissions that are not identified as arising due to the operations of the event, however are **optionally included**.

Non-quantified emissions have been assessed as relevant and are captured within the emissions boundary, but are not measured (quantified) in the carbon inventory. All material emissions are accounted for through an uplift factor. Further detail is available at Appendix C.

Outside the emissions boundary

Excluded emissions are those that have been assessed as not relevant to the event's operations and are outside of its emissions boundary or are outside of the scope of the certification. These emissions are not part of the carbon neutral claim. Further detail is available at Appendix D.

Outside emission Inside emissions boundary boundary **Excluded Quantified** Non-quantified N/A Electricity N/A Attendee travel Food & Drink Accommodation **Professional Services** (Photographic Services, Security) Postage, courier and freight Products (Signage) Office Equipment and Supplies (Furniture) ICT Services and Equipment (AV services) Water Waste

Data collection

Emissions source	Data collection method	Assumptions / conservative approach taken
Attendee travel	Utilised actual data from Destination Australia 2024 post-event submission.	Estimated using Destination Australia 2024 transportation data from Destination Australia's attendee registration forms, Climate Active Events Calculator was used to calculate the activity data as per the above inputs. Assumes similar attendance numbers, travel patterns and venue.
Attendee accommodation	Utilised actual data from Destination Australia 2024 post-event submission.	Attendee travel data from the 2024 Destination Australia post-event CA assessment, assumes similar attendance numbers, travel patterns and venue.
Food and drinks	Proposed catering menu for the event was provided.	Assumptions on the total number of meals served each day, taking into consideration the total number of attendees. Based on catering menus, it is assumed that 55% of meals are vegetarian, 25% vegan, and 20% are meat based. Spend-based data is utilised for drinks based on the budgeted cost.
Electricity	Estimated using average electricity data consumed per guest per day at previous Tourism Australia events of a similar size and format which have undertaken a carbon audit.	Assumes electricity consumption for Destination Australia to be relatively consistent with that of previous Tourism Australia events. Assumed the venue does not purchase GreenPower. Venue providers have been requested to provide actual data for the post-event assessment.
Waste, Water & Natural Gas	Estimated using average rates consumed per guest per day on previous Tourism Australia events of a similar size and format which have undertaken a carbon audit.	Assumes water and waste creation at a similar rate to previous Tourism Australia events. Assume venue has similar waste collection streams and services as Tourism Australia's previous events. Venue providers have been requested to provide actual data for the post-event assessment.

4. EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS

Emissions reduction measures

Destination Australia is Tourism Australia's annual industry conference and networking event that has traditionally moved between locations in Australia. However, most recently the event has been in held in Sydney for three consecutive years, which has provided key learnings for emissions reduction. The preevent assessment for Destination Australia 2025 currently models a reduction in emissions by approximately 30tCO₂ compared to the 2024 event. Multiple assessments of Tourism Australia events show that the location of the host city, the number of international visitors and the origin country of those visitors can significantly impact the modelled emissions for an event as Transport (Air Travel) and Accommodation are consistently large emission sources, making target setting (both absolute and intensity metrics) difficult to set and measure annual changes.

The event's potential move to another state for 2026, provides a series of considerations for developing an emissions reduction strategy, including:

- Working with new venue(s), vendors, local governments and local stakeholders for each event;
- Providing an incentive to standardise basic initiatives where possible to reduce the resources required to develop all new initiatives annually; and
- The importance of developing both strong short-term and long-term partnerships to support Destination Australia's emissions reduction strategy.

Considering the above, key initiatives to be undertaken to reduce the footprint of Tourism Australia's Destination Australia event moving forward include:

Event Section	Emission n Source		Initiative	Potential Reduction in Emissions
Venue Resource	Electricity	•	Engage with venue owners early to understand overarching sustainability policy and commitments.	~3.5%
Management	Refrigerants	•	Develop a 'Destination Australia Venue Sustainability Plan' pre-event to outline:	
	Transport (local) Water		 How the event will align, support and improve the sustainability systems and initiatives of the venue (e.g. providing additional signage for correct use of bins in the venue). 	
			 Agreed collaborations between Tourism Australia, the venue and any other key stakeholders for specific sustainability initiatives that can be applied to 	

	Destination Australia.	
	Encourage venue management to consider purchasing 100% GreenPower for their venues or establishing a preference for holding events at locations that have solar already installed, or high energy performance ratings.	
Hospitality Food and beverages	 Aim to provide predominantly vegetarian menu options for attendees where possible as well as data management process to distinguish expenditure or menu offerings of vegetarian or non-vegetarian options. Mandating the use of compostable or recyclable materials where possible. 	<1%
	 Develop partnerships with local organisations (e.g. Foodbank) to reduce (or eliminate) any food wastage. 	
Travel (car) Public Transport	Consider developing a 'Sustainable Travel' information kit for attendees to provide details on low-carbon transport options to and from the event locations and on accommodation partners. This could include:	~75%
	 Information on which air travel offset schemes are encouraged to be used by attendees; 	
	 Instructions on how to purchase a ticket and use specific public transport routes to and from the event; 	
	 Information on any bike share or e-scooter infrastructure available; and 	
	 Information on end-of-trip facilities available at the venues. 	

As well as the above-mentioned initiatives, Tourism Australia will continue to aim to improve its data collection process for the delivery of Destination Australia, to improve the accuracy of measuring not only the carbon impact of events – but also wider resource use (e.g. water and waste) and the beneficial outcomes of the event (e.g. supporting local businesses).

5.EMISSIONS SUMMARY

Use of Climate Active carbon neutral products, services, buildings or precincts

N/A

Emissions summary

The electricity summary is available in Appendix B. Electricity emissions were calculated using a market-based approach.

Emission category	Scope 1 emissions (tCO ₂ -e)	Scope 2 emissions (tCO ₂ -e)	Scope 3 emissions (tCO ₂ -e)	Total emissions (t CO ₂ -e)
Accommodation and facilities	0.00	0.00	18.95	18.95
Electricity	0.00	7.88	0.97	8.86
Food	0.00	0.00	13.52	13.52
ICT services and equipment	0.00	0.00	11.30	11.30
Office equipment & supplies	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
Postage, courier and freight	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.49
Products	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
Professional Services	0.00	0.00	3.02	3.02
Transport (Air)	0.00	0.00	220.91	220.91
Transport (Land and Sea)	0.00	0.00	7.14	7.14
Waste	0.00	0.00	1.78	1.78
Water	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07
Total emissions (tCO ₂ -e)	0.00	7.88	278.22	286.11

Uplift factors

N/A

6.CARBON OFFSETS

Eligible offsets retirement summary

Offsets retired for Climate Active certification

This is a pre-event report. Any eligible offsets allocated to this event will be reconciled as part of the post-event report.

This event is part of an event portfolio where offsets purchased by Tourism Australia are being used across multiple events. These include:

- Destination Australia
- Australian Tourism Exchange (ATE)
- G'day Australia
- Australia Next

Type of offset unit	Quantity allocated to this certification	Percentage of total units used
Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs)	144	50.17%
Verified Carbon Units (VCUs)	143	49.83%

Project name	Type of offset unit	Registry	Date retired	Serial number	Vintage	Total quantity retired	Quantity used in previous reporting periods	Quantity banked for future reporting periods	Quantity used for this reporting period	Percentage of total used this reporting period
South Australian Conservation Alliance - Site #2 - Hiltaba	ACCU	ANREU	26/06/2024	9,003,377,490 - 9,003,377,789	2023- 24	300	93	63	144	50.17%
Renewable Wind Power Project by Axis Wind Farms (Rayalaseema) Pvt. Ltd	VCU	Verra Registry	18/02/2025	13119- 472103085- 472103227- VCS-VCU- 1491-VER-IN- 1-2052- 01072021- 31122021-0	2021	143	0	0	143	49.83%

Co-benefits

N/A

7. RENEWABLE ENERGY CERTIFICATE (REC) SUMMARY

Renewable Energy Certificate (REC) summary

N/A

APPENDIX A: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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1 July 2024 VC202324-00504

To whom it may concern,

Voluntary cancellation of units in ANREU

This letter is confirmation of the voluntary cancellation of units in the Australian National Registry of Emissions Units (ANREU) by ANREU account holder, Terra Carbon Pty Limited (account number AU-1117).

The details of the cancellation are as follows:

The actum	the details of the cancellation are as follows.			
Date of t	Date of transaction 26 June 2024			
Transacti	ion ID	AU34475		
Type of u	inits	KACCU		
Total Nu	mber of units	1,075		
Block 1	Serial number range	9,006,904,178 - 9,006,904,952 (775 KACCUs)		
	ERF Project	Western Australia Conservation Initiative - Site 2 - ERF123913		
	Vintage	2023-24		
Block 2	Serial number range	9,003,377,490 - 9,003,377,789 (300 KACCUs)		
	ERF Project	South Australian Conservation Alliance - Site #2 - ERF139932		
Vintage		2023-24		
Transacti	on comment	Units retired by GreenCollar on behalf of Tourism Australia fo the Climate Active event certification.		

Details of all voluntary cancellations in the ANREU are published on the Clean Energy Regulator's website, Voluntary cancellations register | Clean Energy Regulator (cer.gov.au).

If you require additional information about the above transaction, please email $\underline{\mathsf{CER-RegistryContact@cer.gov.au}}$

Yours sincerely,

David O'Toole ANREU and International NGER and Safeguard Branch

Scheme Operations Division

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APPENDIX B: ELECTRICITY SUMMARY

There are two international best-practice methods for calculating electricity emissions – the location-based method and the market-based method. Reporting electricity emissions under both methods is called dual reporting.

Dual reporting of electricity emissions is useful, as it provides different perspectives of the emissions associated with a business's electricity usage.

Location-based method:

The location-based method provides a picture of a business's electricity emissions in the context of its location, and the emissions intensity of the electricity grid it relies on. It reflects the average emissions intensity of the electricity grid in the location (State) in which energy consumption occurs. The location-based method does not allow for any claims of renewable electricity from grid-imported electricity usage.

Market-based method:

The market-based method provides a picture of a business's electricity emissions in the context of its renewable energy investments. It reflects the emissions intensity of different electricity products, markets and investments. It uses a residual mix factor (RMF) to allow for unique claims on the zero emissions attribute of renewables without double-counting.

For this certification, electricity emissions have been set by using the market-based approach.

Market Based Approach	Activity Data (kWh)	Emissions (kg CO2-e)	Renewable Percentage of total
Behind the meter consumption of electricity generated	0	0	0%
Total non-grid electricity	0	0	0%
LGC Purchased and retired (kWh) (including PPAs)	0	0	0%
GreenPower	0	0	0%
Climate Active precinct/building (voluntary renewables)	0	0	0%
Precinct/Building (LRET)	0	0	0%
Precinct/Building jurisdictional renewables (LGCS surrendered)	0	0	0%
Electricity products (voluntary renewables)	0	0	0%
Electricity products (LRET)	0	0	0%
Electricity products jurisdictional renewables (LGCs surrendered)	0	0	0%
Jurisdictional renewables (LGCs surrendered)	0	0	0%
Jurisdictional renewables (LRET) (applied to ACT grid electricity)	0	0	0%
Large Scale Renewable Energy Target (applied to grid electricity only)	2,206	0	18%
Residual Electricity	9,732	0	0%
Total renewable electricity (grid + non grid)	2,206	0	18%
Total grid electricity	11,938	0	18%
Total electricity (grid + non grid)	11,938	0	18%
Percentage of residual electricity consumption under operational control	100%	•	,
Residual electricity consumption under operational control	9,732	8,856	
Scope 2	8,662	7,883	
Scope 3 (includes T&D emissions from consumption under operational control)	1,069	973	
Residual electricity consumption not under operational control	0	0	
•		-	

Total renewables (grid and non-grid)	18.48%
Mandatory	18.48%
Voluntary	0.00%
Behind the meter	0.00%
Residual scope 2 emissions (t CO2-e)	7.88
Residual scope 3 emissions (t CO2-e)	0.97
Scope 2 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e)	7.88
Scope 3 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e)	0.97
Total emissions liability (t CO2-e)	8.86
Figures may not sum due to rounding. Renewable percentage can be above 100%	

Location Based Approach Summary						
Location Based Approach	Activity Data (kWh) total	Unde	er operational	Not under operational control		
Percentage of grid electricity consumption under operational control	100%	(kWh)	Scope 2 Emissions (kgCO2-e)	Scope 3 Emissions (kgCo2-e)	(kWh)	Scope 3 Emissions (kgCO2-e)
ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0
NSW	11,938	11,938	8,118	597	0	0
SA	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vic	0	0	0	0	0	0
Qld	0	0	0	0	0	0
NT	0	0	0	0	0	0
WA	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tas	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grid electricity (scope 2 and 3)	11,938	11,938	8,118	597	0	0
ACT	0	0	0	0		
NSW	0	0	0	0		
SA	0	0	0	0		
Vic	0	0	0	0		
Qld	0	0	0	0		
NT	0	0	0	0		
WA	0	0	0	0		
Tas	0	0	0	0		
Non-grid electricity (behind the meter)	0	0	0	0		
Total electricity (grid + non grid)	11,938					

Residual scope 2 emissions (t CO2-e)	8.12
Residual scope 3 emissions (t CO2-e)	0.60
Scope 2 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e)	8.12
Scope 3 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e)	0.60
Total emissions liability	8.71

Operations in Climate Active buildings and precincts

Operations in Climate Active buildings and precincts	Electricity consumed in Climate Active certified building/precinct (kWh)	Emissions (kg CO2-e)
N/A	0	0
Climate Active carbon neutral electricity is not renewable electricity. Active member through their building or precinct certification. This e location based summary tables. Any electricity that has been source market based method is outlined as such in the market based summ	lectricity consumption is also included in ed as renewable electricity by the building	the market based and

Climate Active carbon neutral electricity products

Climate Active carbon neutral product used	Electricity claimed from Climate Active electricity products (kWh)	Emissions (kg CO2-e)
N/A	0	0

Climate Active carbon neutral electricity is not renewable electricity. These electricity emissions have been offset by another Climate Active member through their electricity product certification. This electricity consumption is also included in the market based and location based summary tables. Any electricity that has been sourced as renewable electricity by the electricity product under the market based method is outlined as such in the market based summary table.

APPENDIX C: INSIDE EMISSIONS BOUNDARY

Non-quantified emission sources

The following emissions sources have been assessed as relevant, are captured within the emissions boundary, but are not measured (quantified) in the carbon inventory. These emissions are accounted for through an uplift factor. They have been non-quantified due to <u>one</u> of the following reasons:

- 1. <u>Immaterial</u> <1% for individual items and no more than 5% collectively
- 2. <u>Cost effective</u> Quantification is not cost effective relative to the size of the emission but uplift applied.

Relevant non-quantified emission sources	Justification reason
N/A	N/A

APPENDIX D: OUTSIDE EMISSIONS BOUNDARY

Excluded emission sources

Those which only meet one condition of the relevance test can be excluded from the certification boundary.

Emissions tested for relevance are detailed below against each of the following criteria:

- 1. Size The emissions from a particular source are likely to be large relative to the event's electricity.
- 2. <u>Influence</u> The responsible entity has the potential to influence the reduction of emissions from a particular source.
- 3. Risk The emissions from a particular source contribute to the event's greenhouse gas risk exposure.
- 4. **Stakeholders** The emissions from a particular source are deemed relevant by key stakeholders.
- Outsourcing The emissions are from outsourced activities that were previously undertaken within the
 event's boundary or from outsourced activities that are typically undertaken within the boundary for
 comparable events.

Excluded emissions sources summary

Emission sources tested for relevance	Size	Influence	Risk	Stakeholders	Outsourcing	Justification
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



